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• 消息 •

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本刊讯 本刊名词术语一律标准化, 前后统一, 如原词过长且多次出现者, 可于首次出现时写出全称加括号内注简称, 以后直接用简称。医学名词以全国自然科学名词审定委员会公布的《生理学名词》、《生物化学名词与生物物理学名词》、《化学名词》、《植物学名词》、《人体解剖学名词》、《细胞生物学名词》及《医学名词》系列为准, 药名以《中华人民共和国药典》和卫生部药典委员会编的《药名词汇》为准, 国家食品药品监督管理局批准的新药, 采用批准的药名; 创新性新药, 请参照我国药典委员会的“命名原则”, 新译名词应附外文。公认习用缩略语可直接应用(建议第一次也写出全称), 如ALT, AST, mAb, WBC, RBC, Hb, T, P, R, BP, PU, GU, DU, ACTH, DNA, LD₅₀, HBsAg, HCV RNA, AFP, CEA, ECG, IgG, IgA, IgM, TCM, RIA, ELISA, PCR, CT, MRI等。为减少排印错误, 外文、阿拉伯数字、标点符号必须正确打印在A4纸上。中医药名词英译要遵循以下原则: (1)有对等词者, 直接采用原有英语词, 如中风stroke, 发热fever; (2)有对应词者应根据上下文合理选用原英语词, 如八法eight principal methods; (3)英语中没有对等词或相应词者, 宜用汉语拼音, 如阴yin, 阳yang, 阴阳学说yinyangology, 人中renzhong, 气功qigong; 汉语拼音要以词为单位分写, 如weixibao nizhuanwan(胃细胞逆转丸), guizhitang(桂枝汤)。通常应小写。(常务副总编辑: 张海宁 2008-05-18)